

Agenda Retreat 07. – 09.10.2024

07.10.2024 Monday		
11:45	Arrival	
12:00 – 13:00	Lunch	
Presentation and discussion session of Area A (Short summary, newest results, next steps – (time: presentation + discussion))		
13:00 – 13:30	Overview CRC1625 Alfred Ludwig (20 + 10)	
13:30 – 13:45	Overview Research Area A Alfred Ludwig (10 + 5)	
13:45 – 14:10	A01 Christian Møgelberg Clausen and Natalia Pukhareva (10 + 15)	
14:10 – 14:35	A02 Rico Zehl (10 + 15)	
14:35 – 16:00	Break (check-in to rooms, then coffee and snacks available)	
16:00 – 16:25	A03 Ralf Drautz (10 + 15)	
16:25 – 16:50	A04 Jörg Neugebauer (10 + 15)	
16:50 – 17:15	A05 Markus Stricker (10 + 15)	
17:15 – 17:40	A06 Samuel García (10 + 15)	
17:40 – 18:30	Break	
18:30 – 19:30	Dinner	
19:30 - open	Evening program (networking)	



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08.10.2024 Tuesday (01)		
07:30 – 09:00	Breakfast	
08:30 – 09:00	Walking around the castle (if you want)	
Presentation and discussion session of Area B (Short summery, newest results, next steps – (time: presentation + discussion))		
09:00 - 09:15	Overview Research Area B Tina Scheu (10 + 5)	
09:15 – 09:40	B01 Yujiao Li (10 + 15)	
09:40 – 10:05	B02 Tong Li (10 + 15)	
10:05 – 10:30	B03 Christoph Somsen (10 + 15)	
10:30 – 10:50	Break (Coffee and snacks available)	
10:50 – 11:15	B04 Baptiste Gault (10 + 15)	
11:15 – 11:40	B05 Karina Morgenstern (10 + 15)	
11:30 – 13:00	Break and Lunch at 12:00	
Presentation and discussion session of Area C (Short summary, newest results, next steps – (time: presentation + discussion))		
13:00 – 13:15	Overview Research Area C Corina Andronescu (10 + 5)	
13:15 – 13:40	C01 Wolfgang Schuhmann (10 + 15)	
13:40 – 14:05	C02 Corina Andronescu (10 + 15)	
14:05 – 14:30	Break (Coffee and snacks available)	
14:30 – 14:55	C03 Kristina Tschulik (10 + 15)	
14:55 – 15:20	C04 Aliaksandr Bandarenka (10 + 15)	



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08.10.2024 Tuesday (02)		
15:30 – 16:45	Afternoon Group Activity (Walk ~1:15 h to distillery Kornbrennerei Böckenhoff)	
16:45 – 18:00	Visit distillery Kornbrennerei Böckenhoff	
18:00 – 20:15	Walk back or by public bus 18:37 or 19:37 [Erle, Silvesterstraße]), Break	
20:15 - 21:45	Dinner	

09.10.2024 Wednesday		
07:30 – 09:00	Breakfast	
08:30 – 09:00	Walking around the castle (if you want)	
Presentation and discussion session of Service and General Projects (Short summary, practical sessions, next steps – (time: presentation + discussion))		
09:00 - 09:40	INF and Research Data Management with hands-on session (examples, problem solving) Markus Stricker/Victor Dudarev (20 + 20)	
09:40 – 10:00	Project S Janine Pfetzing (10 + 10)	
10:00 – 10:20	Project Z Sabrina Baha (10 + 10)	
10:20 – 10:45	RTG (election) Tong Li/Wolfgang Schuhmann (10 + 15)	
10:45 – 11:00	Break (Coffee and snacks available)	
Synergistic methods (Parallel) working session (see additional information)		
11:00 – 13:00	Block A (lead: A01) Block B: (lead: B03) Block C (lead: A05/A06)	
13:00 – 14:00	Lunch	
14:00 – 14:30	SAA representations (A03) Ralf Drautz (10 + 20)	
14:30 – 15:00	Identification of SAA by combining simulation and experiments (C01) Wolfgang Schuhmann (10 + 20)	



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Organization Parallel working		
15:00 – 16:00	Interactions between CRC members, second RDMS hands-on session	
15:00 – 16:00	Steering Board With steering board members	
15:00 – 16:00	Organization for Early Career Retreat With early career researchers and RTG, project Z	
16:00	Departure	

Synergistic methods:

Block A

A01, A02, A03, A04, B01, C01, S

Material platform (A01) (p. 55)

- Materials Selection: What are the next CCSS systems for catalytic and surface analysis?
- Methodology and Characterization: How successful is our loop experiment ←→ modelling?
- Collaborative Research: sample storage, and feedback for material optimization.

Block B

B02, B03, B04, C02, C03, C04

Holistic characterisation (B03) (p. 57)

- **Synergistic Methods**: Challenge in integrating diverse characterization techniques. How can we ensure the data from each method remains coherent when combined?
- Electrochemical Activity Correlation: How can we improve the correlation between experimental electrochemical measurements and theoretical predictions

Block C

A05, A06, RDM, INF

- Combining Simulation and Experimental Data: How can we optimize the integration of simulation and experimental datasets to ensure more accurate predictions of SAA properties?
- **Data Fusion**: What strategies should we adopt to ensure that machine learning models are robust and provide accurate predictions?
- **Developing a Standardized Ontology for SAA:** How do we ensure that the ontology captures all relevant aspects of SAA while remaining flexible enough to accommodate future discoveries?
- **Digital Tools**: What features should our digital platform include to best support real-time collaboration?

Together

1. SAA representations (A03) (p. 62)

• SAA Representations:

- What are the advanced and flexible representations of SAA, suitable for computational analysis? What are the advantages and limitations of the different SAA representation methods (e.g., cluster expansion, ACSF, SOAP)?
- Variations in Surface Structures: How do we best account for surface defects and irregularities in SAA representations?
- Linking SAA Representations to Electrocatalytic Properties: How can we improve the link between atomic-scale SAA representations and measurable catalytic properties? What strategies should we use to reduce the complexity of these representations without losing critical information?

- 2. Identification of SAA by combining simulations and experiments (C01)
- Synergistic Use of Experimental and Simulation Techniques:
 - How can we best combine experimental and simulation techniques to gain a comprehensive atomic-scale understanding of SAA? What challenges do we face in integrating results from diverse methods?
 - **Proxy and Simulation Support:**
 - What role do proxy measurements play in SAA identification? How can we ensure the accuracy and reliability of such measurements in predicting real surface compositions?
- Feedback Loop: How can we create an efficient feedback loop between simulations and experiments? What strategies can be used to resolve discrepancies between predicted and observed SAA structures?